CCR3 CO-RECEPTOR ANTAGONISTS						
maraviroc (MVC)	Selzentry	150mg,		Adults: ≥16yrs: Concomitant potent CYP3A inhibitors (eg, Pls [except tipranavir/ritonavir], delavirdine, elvitegravir/ritonavir, ketoconazole, itraconazole, clarithromycin, nefazodone, telithromycin, boceprevir)		
	:	:300mg		(with or without a potent CYP3A inducer): 150mg twice daily. Other concomitant drugs, including		
	:	20mg/mL		tipranavir/ritonavir, nevirapine, raltegravir, NRTIs, enfuvirtide: 300mg twice daily. Concomitant potent		
	:	20111g/111L	CYP3A inducers (eg, efavirenz, rifampin, etravirine, carbam	ECYP3A inducers (eg, efavirenz, rifampin, etravirine, carbamazepine, phenobarbital, phenytoin) (without		
	:		:	a potent CYP3A inhibitor): 600mg twice daily. Severe renal impairment (CrCl <30mL/min) or ESRD		
	•	:	:	(without potent CYP3A inhibitors or inducers): reduce dose from 300mg twice daily to 150mg twice		

daily if postural hypotension occurs.

Children: <2yrs: not established. If unable to swallow, use oral soln. ≥2yrs: Concomitant potent CYP3A inhibitors (eg, Pls [except tipranavir/ritonavir], delavirdine, elvitegravir/ritonavir, ketoconazole, itraconazole, clarithromycin, nefazodone, telithromycin, boceprevir) (with or without a potent CYP3A inducer): (10—<20kg): 50mg or 2.5mL twice daily; (20—<30kg): 75mg or 4mL twice daily; (30—<40kg): 100mg or 5mL twice daily; (≥40kg): 150mg or 7.5mL twice daily. Other concomitant drugs, including tipranavir/ritonavir, nevirapine, raltegravir, NRTIs, enfuvirtide: (10—<30kg): not recommended; (≥30kg): 300mg or 15mL twice daily. Concomitant potent CYP3A inducers (eg, efavirenz, rifampin, etravirine, carbamazepine, phenobarbital, phenytoin) (without a potent CYP3A inhibitor): not recommended.

Adults: ≥16yrs: 90mg twice daily via SC inj into upper arm, anterior thigh, or abdomen

UGT1A or CYP3A inducers: increase weight-based dose to twice daily.

rifampin: 800mg (2 x 400mg) twice daily.

300mg twice daily.

(10mL) twice daily.

adults: 200mg.

Adults: ≥16yrs: 400mg 3 times daily.

Children: <16vrs: not established.

efavirenz dose to 800mg once daily.

pwd for oral : Adults: use tabs.

Children: <6yrs: not established. ≥6–16yrs: Limited data available; recommended 2mg/kg

Adults: Treatment-naïve or treatment-experienced INSTI-naïve or virologically suppressed switching to dolutegravir + rilpivirine: 50mg once daily. Treatment-naïve or treatment-experienced INSTI-naïve with

concomitant certain UGT1A or CYP3A inducers: 50mg twice daily. INSTI-experienced with certain INSTI-associated resistance substitutions or clinically suspected INSTI resistance: 50mg twice daily.

Children: <30kg or INSTI-experienced with documented or clinically suspected resistance to other INSTIs (raltegravir, elvitegravir): not established. Treatment-naïve or treatment-experienced INSTI-naïve: (30—<40kg): 35mg once daily; (>40kg): 50mg once daily; when concomitant with certain

Adults: Treatment-naïve or virologically suppressed on Isentress 400mg twice daily: 1200mg (2 x

600mg) once daily or 400mg twice daily. Treatment-experienced: 400mg twice daily. Concomitant

Children: Pre-term neonates or <2kg: not recommended. Give first dose between 24–48hrs

post birth if mother received raltegravir 2–24hrs before delivery. Birth to 1wk (2—<3kg): 4mg (0.4mL) once daily; (3—<4kg): 5mg (0.5mL) once daily; (4—<5kg): 7mg (0.7mL) once daily. 1 to 4wks (2—<3kg): 8mg (0.8mL) twice daily; (3—<4kg): 10mg (1mL) twice daily; (4—<5kg): 15mg (1.5mL) twice daily. ≥4wks (3—<4kg): 25mg (2.5mL) twice daily; (4—<6kg): 30mg (3mL) twice daily; (6—<8kg): 40mg (4mL) twice daily; (8—<11kg): 60mg (6mL) twice daily; (11—<14kg): 80mg (8mL) twice daily; (14—<20kg): 100mg (10mL) twice daily; (20—<25kg): use chew tabs. Oral susp max dose: 100mg

Adults and Children: Once daily on an empty stomach, preferably at bedtime. Consider pretreating

≥3mos: (3.5–<5kg): 100mg; (5–<7.5kg): 150mg; (7.5–<15kg): 200mg; (15–<20kg): 250mg; (20–<25kg): 300mg; (25–<32.5kg): 350mg; (32.5–<40kg): 400mg; (≥40kg) and adults: 600mg. Concomitant voriconazole: increase voriconazole maintenance dose to 400mg every 12hrs and decrease efavirenz dose to 300mg once daily using caps. Concomitant rifampin (≥50kg): increase

Adults and Children: <6yrs or <16kg: not established. Take twice daily after meals.

≥6-<18yrs: (≥16-<20kg): 100mg; (≥20-<25kg): 125mg; (≥25-<30kg): 150mg; (≥30kg) or

(continued)

with antihistamine (for children) or steroid to minimize rash. <3mos or <3.5kg: not recommended.

Children: <4wks: use oral susp. ≥4wks (<25kg): use other forms; (≥25kg): 400mg twice daily; (≥40kg): treatment-naïve or virologically suppressed on Isentress 400mg twice daily: 1200mg (2 x 600mg) once daily or 400mg twice daily. If unable to swallow, can use chew tabs: (11—<14kg): 75mg twice daily; (14—<20kg): 100mg twice daily; (20—<25kg): 150mg twice daily; (25—<40kg): 150mg twice daily; (26—40kg): 200mg twice daily; ≥40kg: 300mg twice daily. Chew tabs max dose:

ANTIRETROVIRAL TREATMENTS (Part 1 of 5)

Usual Dose

Brand

FUSION INHIBITORS

dolutegravir

raltegravir

raltegravir

(continued)

(DLV)

efavirenz (EFV)

etravirine (ETR)

potassium (RAL)

potassium (RAL)

enfuvirtide (ENF, T-20) : Fuzeon

Strength

90mg/mL

10mg, 25mg,

50mg

600mg

100mg/pkt

NON-NUCLEOSIDE REVERSE TRANSCRIPTASE INHIBITORS (NNRTIS)

100mg,

200ma

600mg

25mg+,

100mg, 200mg

50mg, 200mg

HIV-1 INTEGRASE STRAND TRANSFER INHIBITORS

Tivicay

Isentress

Isentress

Suspension

Sustiva

Intelence

Oral

delavirdine mesylate : Rescriptor

Isentress HD: 400mg

Form

pwd for

tabs

25mg, 100mg+ ; chew tabs

susp

tabs

caps

tabs

: tabs

SC inj after

reconstitution : (max 90mg) twice daily.

NON-NUCLEOSIDE REVERSE TRANSCRIPTASE INHIBITORS (NNRTIS) (continued)							
,	:	200mg+		Adults: ≥16yrs: Initially 200mg once daily for 14 days; then 200mg twice daily. Dialysis: Give			
		50mg/5mL	orai susp	additional 200mg after dialysis. Children: <15days: not recommended. ≥15days: Initially 150mg/m² once daily for 14 days, then increase to 150mg/m² twice daily. Both: If mild-to-moderate rash occurs during the 14-day lead in period, do not give twice-daily regir until rash has resolved. Max lead-in period: 28 days; consider alternative regimen. If severe rash or hepatic event occurs, discontinue permanently. Max 400mg/day. Retitrate if stopped for >7 days.			
	Viramune XR	400mg		Adults: Initially Viramune 200mg once daily for 14 days, then Viramune XR 400mg once daily. If mild-to-moderate rash develops during the 14-day lead in period, do not start Viramune XR until rash has resolved. Lead-in period not necessary if patient already on a regimen of immediate-release Viramune twice daily. Max once-daily lead-in period: 28 days; consider alternative regimen. If severe rash or hepatic event occurs, discontinue permanently. Retitrate if stopped for >7 days. Children: <6yrs: not recommended. ≥6—<18yrs: Initially 150mg/m² Viramune oral susp or IR tabs once daily for 14 days (max 200mg/day); then Viramune XR dose based on BSA: 0.58—0.83m²: 200mg once daily; 0.84—1.16m²: 300mg once daily; ≥1.17m²: 400mg once daily. All: max 400mg/day.			

Adults and Children: <12yrs: not recommended. ≥12yrs (≥35kg): 25mg once daily with a meal. Concomitant rifabutin: 50mg once daily; decrease to 25mg once daily when rifabutin is stopped.

Adults: >16yrs: 300mg twice daily or 600mg once daily. Mild hepatic impairment: 200mg twice daily.

Adults and Children: Take once daily on an empty stomach. <20kg: use oral soln. 20—<25kg: 200mg.

25—<60kg: 250mg. ≥60kg: 400mg. Renal impairment (CrCl 30–59mL/min): <60kg: 125mg. ≥60kg: 200mg. CrCl 10–29mL/min: 125mg. CrCl <10mL/min or dialysis: <60kg: use oral soln; ≥60kg: 125mg.

Adults: Take on an empty stomach. <60kg: 125mg twice daily or 250mg once daily. ≥60kg: 200mg

twice daily or 400mg once daily. Renal impairment (CrCl 30-59mL/min): <60kg: 150mg once daily or

75mg twice daily; ≥60kg: 200mg once daily or 100mg twice daily; CrCl 10–29mL/min: <60kg: 100mg

Children: <2wks: not recommended. 2wks-8mos: 100mg/m² twice daily. ≥8mos: 120mg/m² twice daily. Renal impairment: Consider reducing dose and/or increasing dosing interval. See full labeling.

Adults: ≥18yrs: 200mg once daily. Renal impairment (CrCl 30–49mL/min): 200mg every 48hrs; (CrCl

Children: <3mos: use oral soln. 3mos-17yrs (<33kg): use oral soln; (>33kg): 200mg once daily. Renal

Adults: ≥18yrs: 240mg (24mL) once daily. Renal impairment: (CrCl 30–49mL/min): 120mg (12mL) once daily; (CrCl 15–29mL/min): 80mg (8mL) once daily; (CrCl <15mL/min or dialysis): 60mg (6mL) once daily. Children: <3mos: 3mg/kg once daily. >33kg:

Adults: ≥35kg: 200mg/300mg once daily. Renal impairment: CrCl 30-49mL/min: 200mg/300mg every

Children: <17kg: not established. 17—<22kg: 100mg/150mg once daily. 22—<28kg: 133mg/200mg

Adults: CrCl ≥50mL/min: 300mg once daily or 150mg twice daily; CrCl 30-49mL/min: 150mg once

Children: <3mos: not established. ≥3mos (oral soln): 5mg/kg twice daily or 10mg/kg once daily; max 300mg/day. Tabs: 14—<20kg: 150mg once daily or 75mg twice daily; ≥20—<25kg: 225mg once daily or 75mg in the AM and 150mg in the PM; ≥25kg: 300mg once daily or 150mg twice daily. Renal

daily; CrCl 15-29mL/min: 150mg for 1st dose then 100mg once daily; CrCl 5-14mL/min: 150mg for 1st

(continued)

reconstitution once daily; ≥60kg: 150mg once daily; CrCl <10mL/min or dialysis: <60kg: 75mg once daily; ≥60kg:

15–29mL/min): 200mg every 72hrs; (CrCl <15mL/min or dialysis): 200mg every 96hrs.

may use cap form. Renal impairment: reduce dose or prolong dosing interval.

once daily. 28-<35kg: 167mg/250mg once daily. ≥35kg: 200mg/300mg once daily.

dose then 50mg once daily; CrCl <5mL/min: 50mg for 1st dose then 25mg once daily.

impairment: Reduce dose or prolong dosing interval.

48hrs; CrCl <30mL/min, hemodialysis: not recommended.

impairment: reduce dose or prolong dosing interval.

Children: <3mos: not established. ≥3mos (oral soln): 8mg/kg twice daily or 16mg/kg once daily;

max 600mg daily. If able to swallow tabs: 14—<20kg: 300mg once daily or 150mg twice daily; ≥20—<25kg: 450mg once daily or 150mg in the AM and 300mg in the PM; ≥25kg: use Adult dose.

Adults: >18yrs: 1 tab daily. Hepatic or renal impairment (CrCl <50mL/min): not recommended.

Children: <25kg: use individual components. ≥25kg: 1 tab daily.

Adults and Children: <40kg: not recommended. ≥40kg: 1 tab twice daily.

ANTIRETROVIRAL TREATMENTS (Part 2 of 5)

Usual Dose

Brand

Edurant

Ziagen

Epzicom

Trizivir

Videx EC

Videx

Pediatric

Pwd for

Emtriva

: Truvada

Epivir

Oral Soln

Generic

rilpivirine

(ABC)

(3TC) abacavir sulfate

(ZDV)

abacavir sulfate

abacavir sulfate

(ABC)/lamivudine

(ABC)/lamivudine

(3TC)/zidovudine

didanosine (ddl)

emtricitabine (FTC)

emtricitabine (FTC)/

tenofovir disoproxil

fumarate (TDF)

lamivudine (3TC)

Strength

25mg

300mg

20mg/mL

ABC/3TC:

600mg/300mg

ABC/3TC/ZDV:

300mg/150mg/

300mg

200mg

10mg/mL

100mg/150mg, : tabs

133mg/200mg,

167mg/250mg,

200mg/300mg

150mg+,

10mg/mL

300mg

NUCLEOSIDE/NUCLEOTIDE REVERSE TRANSCRIPTASE INHIBITORS (NRTIS)

tabs

tabs

tabs

: tabs

pediatric

soln after

caps

oral soln

tabs

oral soln

pwd for oral

100mg once daily.

125mg, 200mg, e-c del-rel

250mg, 400mg | caps

oral soln1

NUCLEOSIDE/NUCLEOTIDE REVERSE TRANSCRIPTASE INHIBITORS (NRTIS) (continued) lamivudine (3TC)/ Combivir 3TC/ZDV: Adults and Children: <30kg: not recommended. ≥30kg: 1 tab twice daily. Hepatic or renal tabs zidovudine (ZDV) 150mg/300mg impairment (CrCl <50mL/min): not recommended; use individual components. stavudine (d4T) Zerit Adults: ≥60kg: 40mg every 12hrs; <60kg: 30mg every 12hrs. Renal impairment: ≥60kg (CrCl 15mg, 20mg, caps 30mg, 40mg 26–50mL/min): 20mg every 12hrs; (CrCl 10–25mL/min), dialysis: 20mg every 24hrs. <60kg (CrCl

neutropenia: see full labeling.

26-50mL/min): 15mg every 12hrs; (CrCl 10-25mL/min), dialysis: 15mg every 24hrs.

Renal impairment: Reduce dose or increase dosing interval.

of 12hrs of dialysis; CrCl <10mL/min: not recommended.

Children: Vertical transmission: See full labeling.

Children: <18yrs: not established.

Adults: Use caps form.

virologically suppressed (HIV-1 RNA <50copies/mL).

Both: Take with food. Severe hepatic impairment: not recommended.

Children: ≤13 days: 0.5mg/kg every 12hrs. ≥14 days: (<30kg): 1mg/kg every 12hrs. ≥30kg: as adult.

Children: <2yrs: Not established. ≥2yrs: 8mg/kg once daily; max 300mg/day. ≥17kg: may use tabs

if able to swallow. 17—<22kg: 150mg once daily. 22—<28kg: 200mg once daily. 28—<35kg: 250mg

once daily. ≥35kg: 300mg once daily. See full labeling for additional dosing based on body wt.

Children: <6wks and/or for vertical transmission: See full labeling. 4wks to <18yrs: (4—<9kg): 24mg/kg/day (12mg/kg twice daily or 8mg/kg 3 times daily); (≥9—<30kg): 18mg/kg/day (9mg/kg twice daily or 6mg/kg 3 times daily); (≥30kg): 600mg/day (300mg twice daily or 200mg 3 times daily). Alternative dosing based on BSA: 480mg/m²/day (240mg/m² twice daily or 160mg/m² 3 times daily).

soln for IV inj : Adults: Give by IV infusion over 1hr; use only until oral therapy can be given. 1mg/kg every 4hrs.

HIV or vertical transmission, severe anemia and/or neutropenia: see full labeling.

Adults: ≥18yrs: 600mg daily in divided doses. Renal impairment (CrCl <15mL/min) or on dialysis:

100mg every 6-8hrs. Prevention of maternal-fetal HIV or vertical transmission, severe anemia and/or

Renal impairment (CrCl <15mL/min) or on dialysis: 1mg/kg every 6-8hrs. Prevention of maternal-fetal

Adults: Must be co-administered at same time as atazanavir or darunavir. ≥18yrs: 150mg once daily with atazanavir 300mg once daily (if treatment-naive or experienced) or with darunavir 800mg once daily (if treatment-naive or experienced with no darunavir resistance associated substitutions).

Adults: Take with food. Treatment-naive: atazanavir 300mg + ritonavir 100mg, both once daily; or

Children: <3mos (<5kg): not recommended. ≥3mos (5—<15kg): atazanavir 200mg (4 pkts) + ritonavir oral soln 80mg; (15—<25kg): atazanavir 250mg (5 pkts) + ritonavir oral soln 80mg; (≥25kg who are unable to swallow caps): atazanavir 300mg (6 pkts) + ritonavir oral soln 100mg; all: single daily dose.

Adults: ≥18yrs: Treatment-naive or treatment-experienced with no darunavir resistance associated

substitutions: darunavir 800mg + ritonavir 100mg once daily. Treatment-experienced with at least one darunavir resistance associated substitution or with no baseline resistance information: darunavir

600mg + ritonavir 100mg twice daily. *Pregnancy:* darunavir 600mg + ritonavir 100mg twice daily; may consider darunavir 800mg + ritonavir 100mg once daily only if stable on dose prior to pregnancy and

Children: <3yrs: not recommended. Treatment-naive or treatment-experienced with no darunavir resistance associated substitutions: ≥3yrs to <18yrs: ≥10kg—<11kg: darunavir 350mg + ritonavir 64mg once daily; ≥12kg—<13kg: darunavir 385mg + ritonavir 64mg once daily; ≥12kg—<13kg: darunavir 420mg + ritonavir 80mg once daily; ≥13kg—<14kg: darunavir 455mg + ritonavir 80mg once daily; ≥14kg—<15kg: darunavir 490mg + ritonavir 96mg once daily; ≥15—30kg: darunavir 600mg + ritonavir 100mg once daily; ≥30kg—<40kg: darunavir 675mg + ritonavir 100mg once daily; ≥40kg: darunavir 800mg + ritonavir 100mg once daily. Treatment-experienced with at least one darunavir resistance associated substitution: ≥3yrs to <18yrs: ≥10kg—<11kg: darunavir 200mg + ritonavir 32mg twice daily; ≥11kg—<12kg: darunavir 220mg + ritonavir 32mg twice daily; ≥15kg—<13kg: darunavir 240mg + ritonavir 40mg twice daily; ≥15—<30kg: darunavir 375mg + ritonavir 48 mg twice daily; ≥30kg—<40kg: darunavir 450mg + ritonavir 60mg twice daily; ≥40kg: darunavir 600mg + ritonavir 100mg twice daily.

(continued)

atazanavir 400mg once daily if unable to tolerate ritonavir. Concomitant efavirenz: atazanavir 400mg

+ ritonavir 100mg (both once daily) + efavirenz 600mg (on an empty stomach at bedtime). ESRD with hemodialysis: atazanavir 300mg + ritonavir 100mg. Hepatic impairment (mild): 400mg once daily; (moderate): 300mg once daily; (severe): not recommended. *Treatment-experienced*: atazanavir 300mg + ritonavir 100mg; both once daily. Pregnancy (2nd or 3rd trimester) plus concomitant H2-blocker or tenofovir: atazanavir 400mg + ritonavir 100mg, both once daily. *Concomitant tenofovir*: consider giving atazanavir 300mg + tenofovir 300mg + ritonavir 100mg, all once daily; see full labeling. *Concomitant H2-blockers or PPIs*: see full labeling. *All other pregnant patients*: no dose adjustments needed.

Children: Children: Children: Concomitant tenofovir. 21syrs and 240kg who are unable to tolerate ritonavir: atazanavir 400mg once daily. *Patients ≥ 13yrs and ≥40kg receiving concomitant tenofovir*, *H2-blockers, or PPIs*: give atazanavir with ritonavir. See full labeling.

Adults: ≥12yrs (≥35kg): 300mg once daily. Renal impairment: CrCl 30–49mL/min: 300mg every 48hrs; CrCl 10–29mL/min: 300mg every 72–96hrs; hemodialysis: 300mg every 7 days or after a total

ANTIRETROVIRAL TREATMENTS (Part 3 of 5)

Usual Dose

tenofovir disoproxil fumarate (TDF)

zidovudine (ZDV)

cobicistat

(ATV)

(DRV)

atazanavir sulfate

Generic

Brand

Viread

Retrovir

PHARMACOKINETIC ENHANCER

PROTEASE INHIBITORS (PIS)

darunavir ethanolate Prezista

Tybost

Reyataz

Strength

1mg/mL

150mg,

200mg, 250mg,

300mg

40mg/g

100mg

50mg/5mL

10mg/mL

150mg

150mg,

200mg,

300mg

50mg

75mg, 150mg,

600mg, 800mg

100mg/mL

Form

pwd for oral

reconstitution

soln after

oral pwd

caps

syrup

after dilution

: tabs

caps

oral pwd3

tabs

oral susp

tabs

fosamprenavir calcium (FOS-APV)	:	700mg		Adults: Oral susp: take without food. Therapy-naive: 1.4g twice daily; or fosamprenavir 1.4g + ritonal
		50mg/mL	oral susp	200mg once daily; or fosamprenavir 1.4g + ritonavir 100mg once daily; or fosamprenavir 700mg + ritonavir 100mg twice daily. Pl-experienced: fosamprenavir 700mg + ritonavir 100mg twice daily. Hepatic dysfunction: See full labeling. Children: Pl-naive (<4wks) or Pl-experienced (<6mos): not recommended. Oral susp: Take twice daily with food. Pl-naive (≥4wks-18yrs) or Pl-experienced (≥6mos): <11kg: fosamprenavir 45mg/kg + ritonavir 7mg/kg; 11—<15kg: fosamprenavir 30mg/kg + ritonavir 3mg/kg; 15—<20kg fosamprenavir 23mg/kg + ritonavir 3mg/kg. Pl-naive (≥2yrs): fosamprenavir 30mg/kg. Both: If emesis occurs within 30min after dosing, re-dose. Do not exceed adult dose. See full labeling.
indinavir sulfate (IDV)	Crixivan	200mg, 400mg	'	Adults: Take with water on an empty stomach or with a light meal. 800mg every 8hrs. Concomitant rifabutin: 1g every 8hrs and reduce rifabutin dose by ½. Concomitant ketoconazole, itraconazole, delavirdine, or hepatic insufficiency: 600mg every 8hrs. Children: Not established. 3–18yrs: 500mg/m² every 8hrs has been used; see full labeling.

tabs: 500/125mg twice daily. See full labeling.

Adults and Children: Take with food.

by 1/2 and give nelfinavir 1.25g twice daily.

Children: <16yrs: not recommended.

separated by 12hrs from Triumeg.

Children: <18yrs: not established.

Children: <18yrs: not established.

Give additional 200mg/day of efavirenz.

Children: <12yrs: not recommended.

daily during coadministration. Children: not established.

Adults: 1 tab daily.

Adults: 1 tab daily.

max 600mg twice daily.

tipranavir): Reduce ritonavir dose. See full labeling.

to saquinavir 1g twice daily + ritonavir 100mg twice daily.

Adults: Tipranavir 500mg + ritonavir 200mg twice daily.

Adults: Oral soln: take with food. ≥18yrs: <3 lopinavir resistance-associated substitutions: 400/100mg

twice daily or 800/200mg once daily. ≥3 lopinavir resistance-associated substitutions or concomitant

carbamazepine, phenobarbital, phenytoin, efavirenz, nevirapine, nelfinavir, or if pregnant (avoid oral soln): once-daily dosing not recommended. Concomitant efavirenz, nevirapine, or nelfinavir: 500/125mg

Children: <42wks postmenstrual age or <14 days postnatal: not recommended. 14days—

6mos: 16/4mg/kg or 300/75mg/m² twice daily. Do not administer with efavirenz, nevirapine, or nelfinavir. >6mos—<18yrs: 230/57.5mg/m² twice daily, or if <15kg: 12/3mg/kg twice daily; ≥15—40kg: 10/2.5mg/kg twice daily; ≥15—40kg: nax 400/100mg twice daily. Concomitant efavirenz, nevirapine, or nelfinavir: >6mos—<18yrs: 300/75mg/m² twice daily, or if <15kg: 13/3.25mg/kg twice daily; ≥15—45kg: 11/2.75mg/kg twice daily; >45kg: max oral soln: 520/130mg (6.5ml.) twice daily; or max

<2yrs: not recommended. 2–13yrs: 45–55mg/kg twice daily or 25–35mg/kg 3 times daily; max 2.5g/day. >13yrs: 1.25g twice daily or 750mg 3 times daily. Reduce concomitant rifabutin dose

Adults: Take with meals. Initially at least 300mg twice daily, increase every 2–3 days by 100mg twice

daily to 600mg twice daily. Concomitant other PIs (eg, atazanavir, darunavir, fosamprenavir, saguinavir,

Children: <1mo or before postmenstrual age <44wks: not recommended. >1mo: Initially 250mg/m² twice daily; increase every 2–3 days by 50mg/m² twice daily to 350–400mg/m² twice daily;

Adults: Take within 2hrs after a meal. ≥16yrs: saguinavir 1g twice daily + ritonavir 100mg twice

daily (taken at same time). Treatment-naive or switching from a delayirdine- or rilpivirine-containing

Children: <2yrs: not recommended. Use oral soln if unable to swallow caps. 2–18yrs: tipranavir 14mg/kg + ritonavir 6mg/kg or (375mg/m² + ritonavir 150mg/m²) twice daily; max tipranavir 500mg

Adults & Children: <40kg: not recommended. ≥40kg: 1 tab daily. Concomitant efavirenz,

+ ritonavir 200mg twice daily. Intolerance or toxicity (if virus not resistant to multiple PIs): may reduce dose to tipranavir 12mg/kg + ritonavir 5mg/kg or (290mg/m² + ritonavir 115mg/m²) twice daily.

fosamprenavir/ritonavir, tipranavir/ritonavir, carbamazepine, rifampin: give additional dolutegravir 50mg

Adults: 1 tab once daily with a meal. Concomitant rifabutin: take additional rilpivirine 25mg tab once

Adults: ≥12yrs and ≥40kg: 1 tab once daily preferably at bedtime. Concomitant rifampin (≥50kg):

(continued)

regimen: initially saguinavir 500mg twice daily + ritonavir 100mg twice daily for 7 days, then increase

(two 200/50mg tabs + one 100/25mg tab) or 520/130mg (6.5mL) twice daily.

ANTIRETROVIRAL TREATMENTS (Part 4 of 5)

Usual Dose

Brand

Kaletra

Viracept

Norvir

Invirase

Aptivus

MULTICLASS FIXED-DOSE COMBINATION

Triumeq

Prezcobix

Juluca

Atripla

PROTEASE INHIBITORS (PIS) (continued)

lopinavir (LPV)/

ritonavir (RTV)

nelfinavir mesylate

ritonavir (RTV)

saguinavir mesylate

tipranavir (TPV)

abacavir/

dolutegravir/

lamivudine)

dolutegravir/

efavirenz (EVF)/

fumarate (TDF)

emtricitabine (FTC)/

tenofovir disoproxil

rilpivirine

darunavir/cobicistat

atazanavir/cobicistat : Evotaz

(NFV)

(SQV)

Strength

LPV/RTV:

LPV/RTV:

per mL

250mg,

625mg

100mg

80mg/mL

500mg

200mg

250mg

300mg

100mg/mL

600mg/50mg/ : tabs

300mg/150mg : tabs

800mg/150mg: tabs

600mg/200mg/ : tabs

tabs

50mg/25mg

300mg

100ma/25ma.

200mg/50mg

80mg/20mg

Form

tabs

tabs

tabs, soft

oral soln2

tabs

soft gel caps²

oral soln4

hard gel caps

gel caps^{2,5}

oral soln^{2,5}

ANTIRETROVIRAL TREATMENTS (Part 5 of 5)						
Generic	Brand	Strength	Form	Usual Dose		
MULTICLASS FIXED-DOSE COMBINATION (continued)						
emtricitabine (FTC)/ rilpivirine/tenofovir alafenamide (TAF)	Odefsey	200mg/25mg/ 25mg	tabs	Adults & Children: <12yrs (<35kg): not established. ≥12yrs (≥35kg): 1 tab once daily with food. Severe renal impairment (CrCl <30mL/min): not recommended.		
emtricitabine (FTC)/ rilpivirine/tenofovir disoproxil fumarate (TDF)		200mg/25mg/ 300mg	tabs	Adults: ≥12yrs (and ≥35kg): 1 tab once daily with a meal. Renal impairment (CrCl<50mL/min): not recommended. Concomitant rifabutin: take additional rilpivirine 25mg once daily. Children: <12yrs or <35kg: not established.		
emtricitabine (FTC)/tenofovir alafenamide (TAF)	Descovy	200mg/25mg	tabs	Adults & Children: <25kg or <35kg with concomitant PI plus ritonavir or cobicistat: not established. ≥25kg (and CrCl ≥30mL/min): 1 tab once daily. Severe renal impairment (CrCl <30mL/min): not recommended.		
elvitegravir/ cobicistat/ emtricitabine (FTC)/tenofovir alafenamide (TAF)	Genvoya	150mg/150mg/ 200mg/10mg		Adults & Children: <25kg: not established. ≥25kg (and CrCl ≥30mL/min): 1 tab once daily with food. Severe hepatic or renal impairment (CrCl <30mL/min): not recommended.		
elvitegravir/ cobicistat/ emtricitabine (FTC)/ tenofovir disoproxil	Stribild	150mg/150mg/ 200mg/300mg		Adults and Children: <12yrs or <35kg: not established. ≥12yrs (≥35kg): 1 tab once daily with food. Renal impairment (CrCl <70mL/min): not recommended; discontinue if CrCl declines to <50mL/min during therapy; also in children: no data available. Severe hepatic impairment: not recommended.		

fumarate (TDF) **NOTES**

²Contains alcohol; ³Contains phenylalanine; ⁴Contains Vit. E 116 IU/mL; ⁵Keep in refrigerator

Key: + = scored; PI = protease inhibitor ¹Contains parabens, propylene glycol;

Not an inclusive list of medications and/or official indications. Please see drug monograph at www.eMPR.com and/or contact company for full drug labeling.

(Rev. 2/2018)